

## FC-SANOS-15XX

Data sheet of fiber-coupled SANOS @  $\lambda = 1530 \dots 1560 \text{ nm}$

**SANOS – Saturable noise suppressor**

### *SANOS applications*

- Suppression of noise (ASE – amplified spontaneous emission) after an optical amplifier (passive optical signal regeneration)
- All-optical wavelength conversion of pulsed optical signals

### *Main FC-SANOS data*

|                              |                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Resonance wavelength         | $\lambda = 1530 \text{ nm}, 1535 \text{ nm}, \dots, 1555 \text{ nm}, 1560 \text{ nm}$ in steps of $\Delta\lambda = 5 \text{ nm}$ |
| Full width at half maximum   | FWHM = 16 nm                                                                                                                     |
| Low intensity transmittance  | 3 %                                                                                                                              |
| High intensity transmittance | 45 %                                                                                                                             |
| Noise suppression factor     | 6 ... 18 (dependent on the input signal/noise ratio)                                                                             |
| Insertion loss               | 3 dB                                                                                                                             |
| Pulse fluence                | $F = 100 \mu\text{J}/\text{cm}^2$                                                                                                |
| Relaxation time constant     | $\tau \sim 5 \text{ ps}$                                                                                                         |
| Maximum mean input power     | $P_{\text{max}} = 0.5 \text{ W}$                                                                                                 |
| Directivity                  | $\geq 50 \text{ dB}$                                                                                                             |
| Fiber connector type         | FC/PC, other on request                                                                                                          |

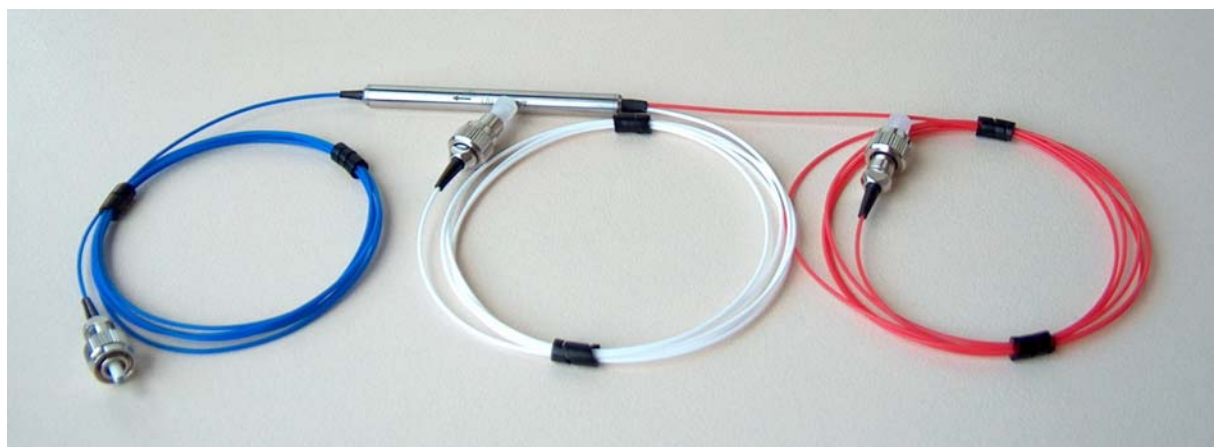
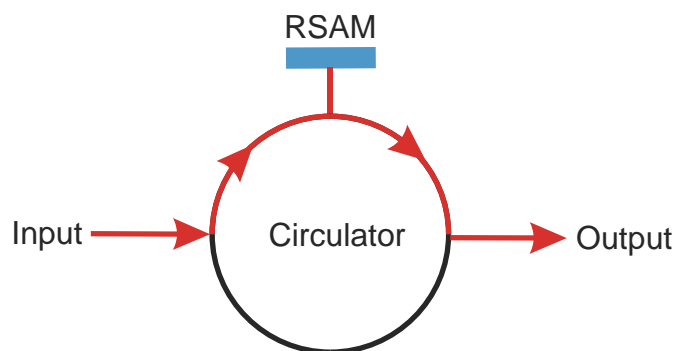
### *SANOS description*

A SANOS is a resonant saturable absorber mirror (RSAM), mounted on a circulator. The RSAM has a strong non-linear reflectance. For a low input signal level the transmittance of the FC-SANOS is only 3% (97% loss), whereas high intensity pulses are transmitted with a lower loss of 50%. The needed peak pulse power for saturation is about 500 mW. Because the RSAM is a resonant device, the noise is only suppressed at the resonance wavelength. The common fiber connector type is FC/PC, but it can be customized. The input isolation is better than 50 dB.

### *Order information*

FC-SANOS-15XX Fiber coupled SANOS with resonance wavelength of 15XX nm

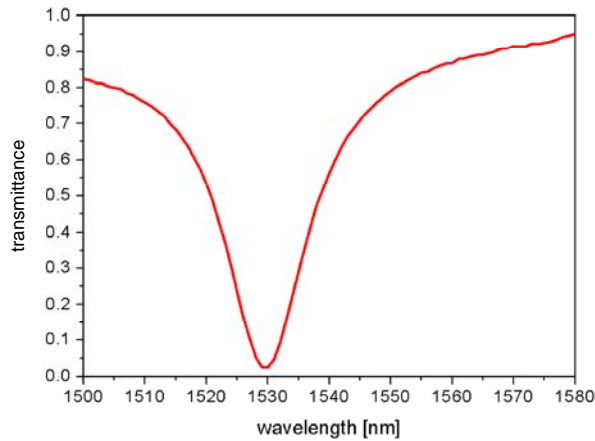
SANOS with resonance wavelengths between 1530 nm and 1560 nm are available



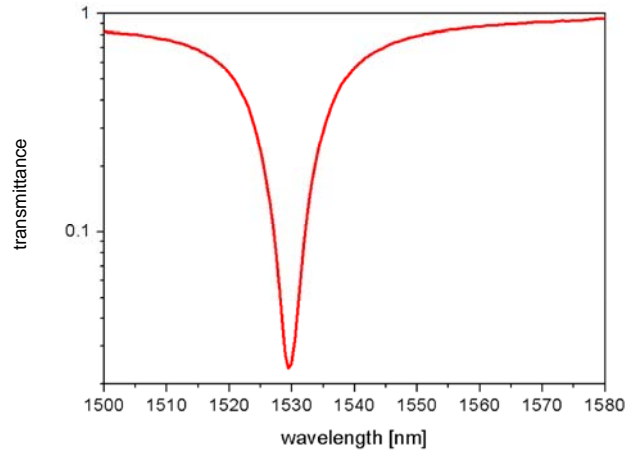
**Spectral transmittance  $I_{out}/I_{in}$**

*Low intensity (unsaturated) transmittance of a FC-SANOS-1530*

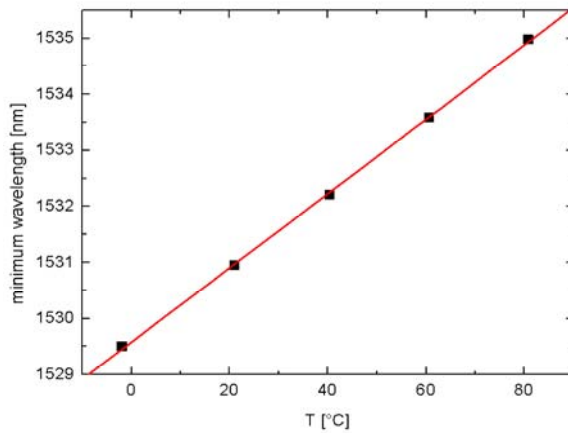
linear scale



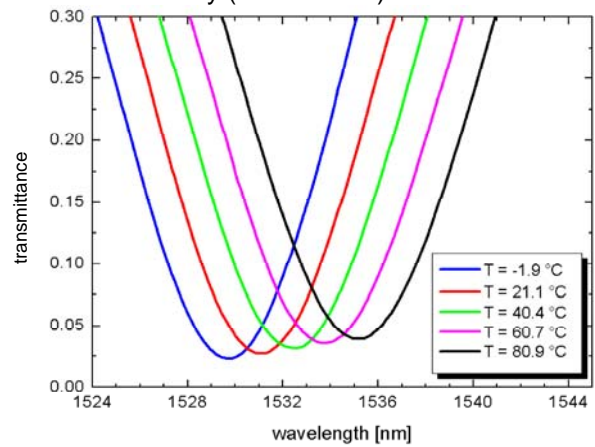
logarithmic scale



**1530 nm FC-SANOS-1550-TEC**  
Temperature dependency of the resonance



**Shift of the resonance wavelength using TEC**  
Low intensity (unsaturated) transmittance



**Resonance wavelength of FC-SANOS-15XX**

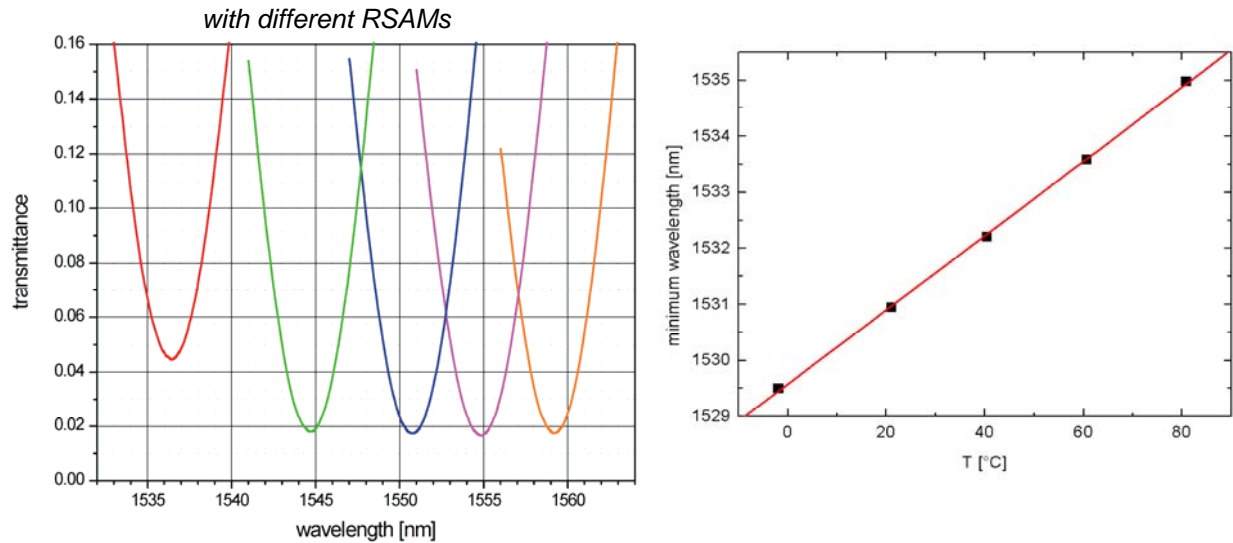
BATOP GmbH  
Wildenbruchstraße 15  
D-07745 Jena  
Germany

Tel: +49 3641 634009 - 0  
Fax: +49 3641 634009 - 20  
E-mail: info@batop.de

**Temperature dependency of a 1530 nm SANOS**

Deutsche Bank Jena  
Bank Code: 82070024  
Account No: 3922655  
IBAN: DE49 8207 0024 0392 2655 00

VAT Reg. No: DE 813698804  
Tax Acc. No: 161/106/02514  
Local Court Jena HRB 112769



The temperature shift of the resonance wavelength  $\lambda$  is given by

$$\lambda(T) = \lambda(T_0) \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{n} \frac{dn}{dT} (T - T_0) \right]$$

with

temperature coefficient  $\frac{1}{n} \frac{dn}{dT} \approx 4.4 \cdot 10^{-5} K^{-1}$

$T_0$  - reference temperature

$T$  - working temperature.

### **Noise suppression factor**

The noise suppression factor (improving factor of the signal to noise ratio) depends on the signal to noise ratio (S/N) of the input signal. If the noise level of the input signal is low, the noise suppression ratio is high and vice versa. The reason for this dependency is the partly saturation of the RSAM in case of a high noise level.

